

TABLE 2.—RELATIONSHIP OF PAIN TO MAJOR WOUND IN 215 PATIENTS

(Data Taken from Study on *Pain in Men Wounded in Battle*¹)

Type of Wound	Number of Patients	Average Age <i>yrs.</i>	Time from Wounding <i>hrs., average</i>	Total Dose of Morphine <i>mg., average</i> ²	Latest Dose of Morphine <i>mg., average</i>	Time since latest Morphine <i>hrs., average</i>	Pain (degree and number of patients in each group)	Further Pain Relief Therapy Wanted (number of patients)
Compound Fractures of Long Bones	50	24.8±0.9	12.5±1.3	27.0±1.5 (1 pt. none)	22.6	7.0±0.8	19 none 12 slight 7 moderate 12 severe	11 yes 39 no
Extensive Soft-tissue Wounds	50	24.5±1.1	11.3±1.4	27.0±2.7 (11 pts. none)	19.5	7.2±0.6	19 none 15 slight 8 moderate 8 severe	9 yes 41 no
Penetrating Wounds of Thorax	50	24.5±0.8	9.8±1.0	25.0±1.8 (11 pts. none)	21.2	6.5±0.6	15 none 18 slight 11 moderate 6 severe	10 yes 40 no
Penetrating Wounds of Abdomen	50	22.7±0.6	7.2±0.7	29.0±2.2 (5 pts. none)	25.0	4.8±0.7	7 none 5 slight 14 moderate 24 severe	27 yes 23 no
Penetrating Wounds of Cerebrum	15	25.1±1.4	7.9±1.4	19.8±4.2 (8 pts. none)	19.8	6.2±1.5	9 none 5 slight 0 moderate 1 severe	1 yes 14 no

¹ See footnote 4, text.² Patients who did not receive morphine are not included in the averages.