

SIXTH WEEK.—BACTERIOLOGY OF WOUNDS AND TECHNIQUE OF TREATMENT OF INFECTED WOUNDS

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
9 to 10 Lecture: Principles of Carré-Dakin method of treatment	9 to 10 Lecture: Bacteriological control of infected wounds			9 to 10 Suggested clinic: Results of treatment of infected wounds	9 to 10 Demonstration: Preparation of chloramine-T paste and neutral soap solution
10 to 11.30 Lecture and demonstration: Preparation and standardization of chlorine antiseptic	10 to 11.15 Laboratory: Examination of bacteria in films from infected wounds	9 to 11 Laboratory: Preparation of Dakin's solution	9 to 11 Laboratory: Solvent action of various antiseptics on surgical dressing material and on fibrin, pus, blood clots		
11.30 to 1 Laboratory: Titration of chlorine antiseptic				10 to 11.15 Laboratory: Stability of chlorine antiseptic	10 Adjutant's office
	2 to 3.30 Laboratory: Preparation of tubes used in Carré-Dakin method				
2 to 5 Laboratory: Preparation of Dakin's solution	3.30 to 5 Lecture and demonstration: Apparatus used in treatment	2 to 5 Standardization of Dakin's solution	2 to 5 Demonstration: Action of chlorine antiseptics on the tissue of Welch bacillus	2 to 5 Laboratory: Experiments on decomposition of chlorine antiseptic and its presence of organic matter	

\* In July, 1918, the period of instruction was extended to include 1 week at the war demonstration hospital of the Institute, to receive instruction in the bacteriology of wounds and the technique of treatment of infected wounds.